QM2 Concept Test 9.3

For non-degenerate perturbation theory, the first order correction to the *nth* stationary state ψ_n^{1} can be written as a superposition of the unperturbed wavefunctions ψ_m^{0} . Choose all of the following statements that are correct.

$$1)E_{n}^{1} = \left\langle \psi_{n}^{0} \middle| \widehat{H}' \middle| \psi_{n}^{0} \right\rangle.$$

$$2)\psi_{n}^{1} = \sum_{m \neq n} c_{m}^{(n)} \psi_{m}^{0}$$

$$3)c_{m}^{(n)} = \frac{\left\langle \psi_{m}^{0} \middle| \widehat{H}' \middle| \psi_{n}^{0} \right\rangle}{E_{n}^{0} - E_{m}^{0}} \text{ for } m \neq n.$$

A. 1 only B. 2 only C. 1 and 2 only D. 2 and 3 only E. All of the above

QM2 Concept Test 9.4

The stationary states for a particle in a one dimensional infinite square well confined between $0 \le x \le a$ are $\psi_n(x) = A_n \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{a}\right)$. If a delta-function perturbation $\widehat{H}' = \alpha \delta(x - \frac{a}{2})$ is placed at the center of the well, choose all of the following statements that are correct about the new system to first order in perturbation theory.

- 1) The ground state energy of the new system is the same as the ground state energy of the unperturbed system (1D infinite square well).
- 2) The first excited state energy of the new system is the same as the first excited state energy of the unperturbed system.
- 3) The first excited state wavefunction of the new system is the same as the first excited state wavefunction of the unperturbed system.
- A. 1 only B. 2 only C. 3 only D. 2 and 3 only E. None of the above

QM2 Concept Test 10.3

A perturbation \hat{H}' acts on a hydrogen atom with the unperturbed Hamiltonian $\hat{H}^0 = -\frac{\hbar^2}{2m}\nabla^2 - \frac{e^2}{4\pi\varepsilon_0}\frac{1}{r}$. To calculate the perturbative corrections, we use $|n, l, m_l, s, m_s\rangle$ (the eigenstates of $(\hat{H}^0, \hat{L}^2, \text{and } \hat{L}_z)$ as the basis vectors. Choose all of the following statements that are correct.

If Ĥ' = αL̂_z, where α is a suitable constant, we can calculate the first order corrections as E¹ = ⟨n, l, m_l, s, m_s |Ĥ'|n, l, m_l, s, m_s⟩.
 If Ĥ' = αδ(r), the first order correction to energy is E¹ = ⟨n, l, m_l, s, m_s |Ĥ'|n, l, m_l, s, m_s⟩.
 If Ĥ' = αĴ_z (z component of J = L + S) we can calculate the first order correction as E¹ = ⟨n, l, m_l, s, m_s |Ĥ'|n, l, m_l, s, m_s⟩.

A. 1 only B. 2 only C. 1 and 2 only D. 1 and 3 only E. All of the above

QM2 Concept Test 10.4

A perturbation \widehat{H}' acts on a hydrogen atom with the unperturbed Hamiltonian $\widehat{H}^0 = -\frac{\hbar^2}{2m}\nabla^2 - \frac{e^2}{4\pi\varepsilon_0}\frac{1}{r}$. To calculate the perturbative corrections, we use the coupled representation $|n, l, s, j, m_j\rangle$ as the basis vectors. Choose all of the following statements that are correct.

If Â' = αL̂_z, where α is a suitable constant, we can calculate the first order corrections as E¹ = ⟨n, l, s, j, m_j | Ĥ' | n, l, s, j, m_j⟩.
 If Â' = αδ(r), the first order correction to energy is E¹ = ⟨n, l, s, j, m_j | Ĥ' | n, l, s, j, m_j⟩.
 If Â' = αĴ_z (z component of J = L + S) we can calculate the first order correction as E¹ = ⟨n, l, s, j, m_j | Ĥ' | n, l, s, j, m_j⟩.

A. 1 only B. 1 and 2 only C. 1 and 3 only D. 2 and 3 only E. All of the above

QM2 Concept Test 10.5

A perturbation \widehat{H}' acts on a hydrogen atom with the unperturbed Hamiltonian $\widehat{H}^0 = -\frac{\hbar^2}{2m}\nabla^2 - \frac{e^2}{4\pi\varepsilon_0}\frac{1}{r}$. Choose all of the following statements that are correct.

A. 1 only B. 1 and 2 only C. 1 and 3 only D. 2 and 3 only E. All of the above

QM2 Concept Test 11.4

Choose all of the following statements that are correct about the spin-orbit coupling term $\hat{H}'_{SO} = \left(\frac{e^2}{8\pi\varepsilon_0}\right) \frac{1}{m^2c^2r^3} \vec{S} \cdot \vec{L}$ in the Hamiltonian of the hydrogen atom (including the fine structure correction).

1) \hat{H}'_{SO} commutes with \hat{L}_z . 2) \hat{H}'_{SO} commutes with $\hat{J}_z = \hat{L}_z + \hat{S}_z$ 3) \hat{H}'_{SO} commutes with \hat{L}^2 .

A. 1 only B. 2 only C. 1 and 2 only D. 2 and 3 only E. All of the above